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Analytical Report						
Vicinal Diketones Profile in Fig Flavor Concentrate via GC-MS						
100617-9						
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35-2-11						
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Flavorah						

Specific Aim:

The goal is to determine levels of

• Acetoin, Diacetyl and Acetyl Propionyl with reporting cutoff 5 ppm in Fig flavor concentrate.

Table 1 lists target compound levels determined pursuant to the protocol described below.

Sample	Diacetyl	Acetyl Propionyl	Acetoin
Fig	N/D	N/D	N/D

Table 1: Target compound levels. Concentration units are ppm or N/D, not detected.

Background of the Matter

Diacetyl (2,3-butanedione, CAS 431-03-8) is a volatile liquid with intense buttery flavor occurring naturally in diary and fermented foods. It is extensively used as a flavoring agent to impart a buttery flavor.

Acetoin (3-Hydroxy-2-butanone, CAS 513-86-0), Acetylpropionyl (2,3-Pentadione, CAS 600-14-6) are related compounds with somewhat similar custard flavor also

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used as flavoring agents.

These compounds find use in flavoring compositions designed to impart certain flavors to foodstuffs. They are also common products of fermentation and present in beers, wines and dairy products albeit in low (typically tens of ppb, diketons; several tens ppm, acetaldehyde) levels. When inhaled, these compounds are believed to have deleterious effect on lung function and cause a serious lung disease. Thus it is imperative to have information on levels of these compounds in flavoring compositions designed to be inhaled.

Samples

Sample arrived as clear liquids of varying viscosity and color. 5 ml of submitted material was placed in 40 ml headspace collection vial followed by addition of internal standards (IS). Volatile compounds were collected out of headspace with the aid of 0.5 ml gastight syringe. 0.2 ml of collected headspace was injected at spit ratio of 5.

Experimental:

1.	GC conditions:	
	Injector temperature:	250 C
	Initial oven temperature:	40 C
	Ramp I	15 C/min
	Final temperature I	240 C
	Hold II	5 min
2.	MS parameters	
	Ionization and ion polarity	EI+
	Scan rate	2 scans/sec
	Mass range	35-300 Da
	Ion source temperature	180
	Transfer line temperature	240C

- 3. GC-MS analysis. Waters/Micromass Quatro GC mass spectrometer interfaced to a Thermo Electron Trace gas chromatograph was utilized for the analysis. 30M 0.32 mm ID DB-624 column was used to separate components. Carrier gas was helium at 2 ml/min.
- 4. Data treatment.

Isotopically labeled diacetyl (d6), acetylpropionyl (d5) were used as internal standards. Table 1 lists qualifier and quantifier ions for the target compounds. Displayed in Appendix I is the pertinent GC-MS chromatogram.

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RT, min	Compound	Qualifier, m/z	Quantifier, m/z
4.1	Diacetyl	43	86
5.7	Acetylpropionyl	43	100
6.5	Acetoin	45	88

Table 2 Retention times and m/z ratios of the target compounds

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APPENDIX I

Sample Fig. GC-MS Chromatogram

